Shell Flavex Oil 595					
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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING					
Product name	:	Shell Flavex Oil 595			
Product code	:	001B1165			
CAS-No.	:	64742-10-5			
Manufacturer or supplier's	Manufacturer or supplier's details				
Manufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell India Markets Private Limited (U23201TN2004PTC053147) 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India			
Telephone Telefax		: (+91) 04443450000 : (+91) 04443451516			
Emergency telephone number Becommended use of the c		∶ +91 22 6516 1058 nical and restrictions on use			
Recommended use	-	Process oil.			

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	: Substance
Chemical nature	: RAE (Residual aromatic extract).
	: Modified Ames Test (ASTM E 1687-04) MI < 0.4.

Hazardous components

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

Label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word	: No symbol : No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS:

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	Not classified as a health hazard u ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental ha criteria.	
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases. 	

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemica dioxide, sand or earth may be used for	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may i A complex mixture of airborne solid an gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if in occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic com	d liquid particulates and complete combustion
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are a circumstances and the surrounding en	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including must be worn when approaching a fire	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.
	Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

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	appropriate controls for safe handl this material.	ing, storage and disposal of
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated conta Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists When handling product in drums, s worn and proper handling equipme Properly dispose of any contamina materials in order to prevent fires.	s. safety footwear should be ent should be used.
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to be Proper grounding and bonding pro- during all bulk transfer operations.	cedures should be used
Storage		
Storage temperature	: 75 - 100 °C	
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closable	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers, or steel. Unsuitable material: For containers PVC, polyethylene or high density 	s or container linings avoid

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhalable fraction))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	(Mist)	10 mg/m3	India. Permissible

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				levels of certain chemical substances in work environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

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	Always observe good personal hy washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routin protective equipment to remove of contaminated clothing and footwe Practice good housekeeping.	material and before eating, ely wash work clothing and contaminants. Discard
Personal protective equip	ment	
Protective measures		
Personal protective equipme PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended na	ational standards. Check wi
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to av If engineering controls do not mail concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and me Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the com and vapours [Type A/Type P boil 	al hygiene practices, void breathing of material. intain airborne adequate to protect worker on equipment suitable for th eting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an and filter. bination of organic gases
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the proc gloves approved to relevant stand US: F739) made from the followin suitable chemical protection. PVC gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dext from glove suppliers. Contaminat replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn of gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ng materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber f a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be rey element of effective han on clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we re recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this of time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are foller a good predictor of glove resistant dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typical	240 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same, but ering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is no icce to a chemical as it is tion of the glove material.
	depending on the glove make and	

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	protective eyewear is recommended.	
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily requir work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical re 	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure con	rols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the relevant environmental protection leg contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent und being discharged to waste water. Wa treated in a municipal or industrial was before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge of vapour.	islation. Avoid following advice given in issolved material from ste water should be ste water treatment plant r volatile substances

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Viscous liquid.
Colour	:	brown
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	15 °C / 59 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	300 °C / 572 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.980 (15 °C / 59 °F)

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Density	: 980 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on	i similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 60 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Decomposition temperature	This material is not expected to beData not available	e a static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	The product does not pose any further reactivity haza addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph	
Chemical stability	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected during normal storage.	to form

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products.

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Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg	

	Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Remarks: Low toxicity by inhalation.
Acute dermal toxicity	: Rabbit: Remarks: Low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Not irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be non-irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

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Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

 Basis for assessment
 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

Ecotoxicity

Product:

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Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL expected to be	> 10 - <= 100 mg/l
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL expected to be	> 10 - <= 100 mg/l
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically no LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	n toxic:
Persistence and degradability			
<u>Product:</u> Biodegradability		Remarks: Expected to be inherently bio	odegradable
	•	Tremarks. Expected to be innerenity bic	
Bioaccumulative potential Product:			
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccun	nulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information	on on similar products)
Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environme enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects			
no data available Product:			
Additional ecological information	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile comexpected to be released to air in any sign of expected to have ozone depletion protochemical ozone creation potential potential. Films formed on water may affect oxyge damage organisms., May cause physic organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any aquatic organisms at concentrations less	gnificant quantities., potential, or global warming en transfer and al fouling of aquatic / chronic effects to

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category	:	Not applicable
Ship type	:	Not applicable
Product name	:	Not applicable
Special precautions	:	Not applicable
ecial precautions for user		

Spe

ecial precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:					
EINECS TSCA		All components listed or polymer exempt. All components listed.			

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
SDS Regulation	:	Regulation 1907/2006/EC
Further information Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.